St. Elias Antiochian Orthodox Christian Church Rev. Fr. Michael Ibrahim Deacon Nicholas Mahshie 4988 Onondaga Road, Syracuse, NY 13215 Church: 488-0388 Cell: 973-641-8463 Church Office e-mail: office@sainteliasny.com For Bulletin Announcements email Dona at office@sainteliasny.com Sheila at sahmaz@twcny.rr.com For Liturgy Names & Coffee Hour email the above Saturday: Vespers at 4:30 PM followed by confession Sunday: Orthros at 9:30 AM & Divine Liturgy at 10:30 AM Check out our website @ www.sainteliasny.com

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ST. ELIAS ANTIOCHIAN CHRISTIAN ORTHODOX CHURCH

MARCH 3, 2024 HIS EMINENCE METROPOLITAN SABA, ARCHBISHOP OF NEW YORK AND METROPOLITAN OF ALL NORTH AMERICA

HIS GRACE BISHOP ALEXANDER, AUXILIARY BISHOP OF THE DIOCESE OF OTTAWA, UPSTATE NEY YORK AND EASTERN CANADA

> Rev, Fr. Michael Ibrahim Deacon Nicholas Mahshie

Сниксн: (315) 488-0388

Fr. Michael-973-641-8463 Dn. Nicholas 491-3990

'DISCIPLES FIRST CALLED THEMSELVES CHRISTIANS IN ANTIOCH.' ACTS 11:26

SUNDAY OF THE PRODIGAL SON

MARTYRS EUTROPIOS, KLEONIKOS, AND BASILIKOS OF AMASEA; HIEROMARTYR THEODORETOS OF ANTIOCH

TONE 6/ EOTHINON 6

PRAYER ON ENTERING THE CHURCH

I WILL COME INTO THY HOUSE IN THE MULTITUDE OF THY MERCY: AND IN THY FEAR I WILL WORSHIP TOWARD THY HOLY TEMPLE. Lead me, O Lord, in thy righteousness because of mine enemies; make thy way straight before me, that with a clear mind I may glorify thee forever, One Divine Power worshipped in three Persons: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Amen.

CHURCH ETIQETTE

O Lord, sanctify those who love the beauty of your house. When you enter the church, please remember that the church is a place of worship. Please do not disturb others as they worship God.

PLEASE TURN OFF ALL CELL PHONES.

TROPARION OF THE PATRON SAINT OF THE CHURCH TONE 4:

O Angelic of body the founder and corner stone of the prophets, the second forerunner of the advent of Christ, O Elias, venerable and glorious, thou didst send grace from heaven to thy disciple Elisha to dispel diseases and to purify lepers wherefore he abounds with healing to all those who honor him.

أيها الملاك بالجسم قاعدة الأنبياء وركنهم، السابق الثاني لحضور المسيح، إلياس المجيد الموقر، لقد أرسلت النعمة من العلى لأليشع ليطرد الأسقام ويطهر البرص، لذلك يُفيض الأشفية بمكرميه دائما" Diodorus was distressed, not considering himself worthy of such boldness before the Lord, but he obeyed Saint Eudokia. He prayed and in the name of Christ he commanded the dead one to rise, and before the eyes of everyone present the youth revived.

Saint Eudokia returned to her monastery, where she lived in asceticism for fifty-six years. After Diogenes died the new governor was Vicentius, a fierce persecutor of Christians. Having learned of the accomplishments of the saint, he gave orders to execute her. The holy martyr was beheaded on March 1, 107.

WELCOME!

We welcome all of our visitors who are praying with us today. We are eager to share with you our spiritual treasures, and invite you to join us for coffee-hour in the Fellowship Hall following the Divine Liturgy. If you are a first-time visitor, please take a few minutes to sign our Guest Registry book and complete the white VISITORS INFORMATION CARD which may be found in the Narthex, and return it to an usher. As a friendly reminder, only Orthodox Christians who have properly prepared themselves through fasting, prayer and recent Confession may approach the Holy Chalice to receive Holy Communion. However all may come forward at end of Liturgy and receive blessed Holy Bread. We look forward to meeting you and welcoming you personally to St. Elias. If you have any questions, please see Fr. Michael.

أهلا بكم!

نرحب بجميع زوّارنا الذين يصلّون معنا اليوم ونحرص على مشاركتكم في كنوزنا الروحية، وندعوكم للانضمام إلينا لتناول القهوة معنا في قاعة الكنيسة بعد القدّاس الإلهي. إذا كانت هذه أوّل زيارة لكم، يرجى أخذ القليل من الوقت لتوقيع سجلّ الزوّار واستكمال بطاقة معلومات الزوّار البيضاء والتي توجد في صحن الكنيسة، وإعادتها إلى أحد مُرشِدي الكنيسة. وكتذكير وديّ، يُسمح فقط للمسيحيين الأرثوذكس الذين أعدّوا أنفسهم بشكل صحيح من خلال الصوم والصلاة واعتراف من زمن قريب بالاقتراب من الكأس المقدسة لتناول القربان المقدس. ولكن يُسمح للجميع الاقتراب في نهاية القدّاس لاستلام الخبز المُقدس المُبارك. ونحن نتطلع للقائكم والترحيب بكم شخصياً في كنيسة مار الياس. يرجى توجيه الأسئلة

PRAYER ON LEAVING THE CHURCH

Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to thy word: for mine eyes have seen thy salvation, which thou hast prepared before the face of all people: a light to lighten the Gentiles, and the glory of thy people Israel.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

- The Holy Bread of Oblations today is being offered by The Antiochian Women of St. Elias, for the spiritual and physical wellbeing of the members of the Antiiochian Women of St. Elias. Also being offered in loving memory of the departed members of the Antiochian Women of St. Elias. May their memories be eternal.
- **Please pray for all the sick** and suffering, hospitalized and shut-ins of our community, especially Rana, Shadi, Simon Abboud, Janet Saba, Siham Ayoub, Salwa Makhlouf, Kawthar Shomar, Elias Shamieh, Nada Tadros, Evelyn Gabriel, Eva Phillips.
- **Please pray for all those** who have suffered and lost loved ones in Palestine and the Middle East.

Martyr Eudokia of Heliopolis

Commemorated on March 1

Holy Monastic Martyr Eudokia was a Samaritan, a native of the city of Heliopolis in Phoenicia (modern Baalbek), who lived during the reign of Trajan (98-117). Her pagan impiety took her off the good path, and for a long time she led a sinful life. Her soul was deadened and her heart hardened.

Eudokia awoke one night at midnight and heard singing from the house of a Christian woman next to hers. A monk was reading from a book which described the Last Judgment, the punishment of sinners, and the reward of the righteous. The grace of God touched Eudokia's heart, and she grieved because of her great wealth and for her sinful life.



In the morning Eudokia hastened to call on the man whose rule of prayer she heard the previous night. This was a monk named Germanus, returning from pilgrimage to the holy places to his own monastery. Eudokia listened for a

long time to the guidance of the Elder, and her soul was filled with joy and love for Christ. She asked Germanus to stay in her home for a week, during which she secluded herself in her room, and spent her time in fasting and prayer.

The Elder Germanus told her to give away her wealth and to forget her previous life. Eudokia received holy Baptism from Bishop Theodotus of Heliopolis. She entered a monastery and took upon herself very strict acts of penitence. The Lord granted forgiveness to the penitent sinner and endowed her with spiritual gifts.

After she had become the head of the monastery, the young pagan Philostrates (one of her former lovers) heard of her conversion to Christ and longed to see her again. Aflame with impious passion, he came into the monastery in the guise of a monk and began to urge Eudokia to return to Heliopolis, and resume her former life. "May God rebuke you and not allow you to leave these premises," Eudokia cried. Then the impostor fell down dead. Fearing that she had served as an accomplice to murder, the sisters intensified their prayer and besought the Lord to reveal to them His will.

The Lord appeared to Saint Eudokia in a vision and said: "Arise, Eudokia, and pray for the resurrection of the dead man." Through Eudokia's prayers, Philostrates revived. Having been restored to life, the pagan begged the nun to forgive him. After he was baptized, he went back to Heliopolis. From that time he never forgot the mercy of God shown him, and he started onto the way of repentance.

Some time passed, and another situation occurred. Inhabitants of Heliopolis reported to the governor Aurelian, that Eudokia had taken gold and silver out of the city and concealed it at the monastery. Aurelian sent a detachment of soldiers to confiscate these supposed treasures. For three days the soldiers tried in vain to approach the walls of the monastery, but an invisible power of God guarded it.

Aurelian again sent soldiers to the monastery, this time under the command of his own son. But on the very first day of the journey Aurelian's son injured his leg and soon died. Then Philostrates counseled Aurelian to write to Mother Eudokia, imploring her to revive the youth. And the Lord, in His infinite mercy, and through the prayers of Saint Eudokia, restored the youth to life. Having witnessed this great miracle, Aurelian and his close associates believed in Christ and were baptized.

When persecutions against Christians intensified, they arrested Eudokia and brought her to the governor Diogenes to be tortured. While torturing the saint, the military commander Diodorus received news of the sudden death of his wife Firmina. In despair he rushed to Saint Eudokia with a plea to pray for his departed wife. The monastic martyr, filled with great faith, turned to God with prayer and besought Him to return Firmina to life. As eyewitnesses of the power and grace of the Lord, Diodorus and Diogenes believed in Christ and were baptized together with their families. Saint Eudokia lived for awhile at the house of Diodorus and enlightened the newly-illumined Christians.

Once, the only son of a certain widow, who was working in the garden, was bitten by a snake and died. The mother wept bitterly for her dead son, and asked Diodorus to resurrect him. Learning of her grief, Saint Eudokia said to Diodorus, "The time is at hand for you to show faith in the Almighty God, Who hears the prayers of penitent sinners and in His mercy grants them forgiveness."

THE SYNAXARION (Plain Reading)

On March 3 in the Holy Orthodox Church, we commemorate Martyrs Eutropios, Kleonikos, and Basilikos of Amasea; and Hieromartyr Theodoretos of Antioch.

On this day, we make remembrance of the Parable of the Prodigal Son, which occurs in the noble Gospel and which our deified Fathers reinstituted in the Triodion.

In the parable our Savior tells, Jesus illustrates three things: the condition of the sinner, the canon of repentance and the knowledge of God's compassion. For in the person of the prodigal son, we view the wretched condition that sin creates for us, distant from God and His Sacraments. However, we become aware of ourselves and awaken, hastening with hope to return to Him through repentance. Our Savior wants to call back to His mansions all those who have been overtaken by despair, lacking hope of forgiveness for their grave sins. The Father encourages all of his lost children to remove the desperation from their hearts, and revive their energies for virtuous deeds.

Through Thine ineffable love for mankind, O Christ our God, have mercy upon us. Amen.

THE EPISTLE

Priest: Let us attend.

Reader: O Lord, save Thy people, and bless Thine inheritance. Unto Thee will I cry, O Lord my God.

Reader: The Reading from the First Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians. (6:12-20)

Brethren, all things are lawful for me, but not all things are expedient. All things are lawful for me, but I will not be brought under the authority of anything. Foods are for the belly, and the belly for foods; but God will destroy both it and them. Now the body is not for fornication, but for the Lord, and the Lord for the body; and God both raised up the Lord, and will also raise us up through His power. Do you not know that your bodies are members of Christ? Shall I therefore take away the members of Christ, and make them members of a harlot? God forbid! Or, do you not know that he who is joined to a harlot is one body with her? For, "The two," He says, "shall become one flesh." But he who is joined to the Lord is one spirit. Flee fornication! Every sin that a person commits is outside the body, but whoever commits fornication sins against his own body. Or, do you not know that your body is a temple of the Holy Spirit within you, whom you have received from God, and that you are not your own? For you were bought with a price; therefore glorify God in your body and in your spirit, which are God's.

خَلِّصْ يا رَبُّ شعْبَكَ وبِارِكْ ميرِاثَك.

إلنْكَ يا رَبُّ أَصرُخُ إلِهي. فَصْلٌ مِنْ رِسَالَةِ القدِّيسِ بولُسَ الرَسُولِ الأولى إلى أَهْلِ كورنِتُوس.

يا إخْوَةُ، كُلُّ شَيءٍ مُبَاحٌ لِي وَلَكِنْ لَيْسَ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ يُوافِق، كُلُّ شَيْءٍ مُبَاحٌ لِي ولَكِنْ لا يَتَسَلَّطُ عليَّ شَيْءٌ. إِنَّ الأَطعِمَةَ لِلْجَوْفِ والْجَوْفَ لِلْأَطْعِمَةِ، وَسَيُبِيدُ اللهُ هَذِهِ وَذَاك. أَمَّا الجَسَدُ فَلَيْسَ لِلْزِنَى بَلْ لِلْرَبِّ والْزَبُ لِلْجَسَدِ، واللهُ الَّذي أقامَ الرَّبَّ سَيُقِيمُنا نَحْنُ أَيْضًا بِقُوَّتِهِ. أَمَا تَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ أَجْسَادَكُم هِيَ أَعْضَاءُ الْمَسيحِ؟ أفآخُذُ أَعْضَاءَ المَسِيحِ وأَجعَلُ مِنْهَا أَعْضَاءَ زِنَى؟ حَاشَى. أمَا تَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ أَجْسَادَكُم هِيَ أَعْضَاءُ وَإِيَاهَا جَسَدًا وَاحِدًا؟ لِأَنَّهُ قَدْ قِيلَ: "يَصِيرُ كِلَاهُمَا جَسَدًا وَاحِدًا." أَمَّا الَّذِي يَقْتَرِنُ بِزانيةٍ صَارَ وَاحِدًا. أُهرُبُوا مِنَ الزِّنَى. فإِنَّ كُلَّ خَطِيئَةٍ يَفعَلُهَا الإِنْسَانُ هِيَ فِي خَارِجِ الجَسَدِ، أمَّا الزَّانِي فَإِنَّهُ يَخْطَأُ إِلَى جَسَدِهِ. أَمَا تَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ جَسَدَكُمْ هُوَ هَيْكَلُ الرُوحِ القُدُسِ الَّذِي فِيكُمْ الَّذِي نِلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ اللهِ وأَنَّكُمْ لَسْتُمْ لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ؟ لِأَنَّكُمْ قَدِ اشْتُرِيتُمْ بِثَمَنٍ فمَجِّدُوا اللهَ فِي أَجْسَادِكُمْ وَفِي أَرْوَاحِكُمُ الَّتِي هِيَ لِله.

GOSPEL

Priest: The Reading from the Holy Gospel according to St. Luke. (15:11-32)

The Lord spoke this parable: "There was a man who had two sons; and the younger of them said to his father, 'Father, give me the share of property that falls to me.' And he divided his living between them. Not many days later, the younger son gathered all he had and took his journey into a far country, and there he squandered his property in loose living. And when he had spent everything, a great famine arose in that country, and he began to be in want. So he went and joined himself to one of the citizens of that country, who sent him into his fields to feed swine. And he would gladly have fed on the pods that the swine ate; and no one gave him anything. But when he came to himself he said, 'How many of my father's hired servants have bread enough and to spare, but I perish here with hunger! I will arise and go to my father, and I will say to him, "Father, I have sinned against heaven and before you; I am no longer worthy to be called your son; treat me as one of your hired servants." And he arose and came to his father. But while he was yet at a distance, his father saw him and had compassion, and ran and embraced him and kissed him. And the son said to him, 'Father, I have sinned against heaven and before you; I am no longer worthy to be called your son.' But the father said to his servants. 'Bring quickly the best robe, and put it on him; and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet; and bring the fatted calf and kill it, and let us eat and make merry; for this my son was dead, and is alive again; he was lost, and is found.' And they began to make merry. Now his elder son was in the field; and as he came and drew near to the house, he heard music and dancing. And he called one of the servants and asked what this meant. And he said to him, 'Your brother has come, and your father has killed the fatted calf, because he has received him safe and sound. But he was angry and refused to go in. His father came out and entreated him, but he answered his father, 'Lo, these many years I have served you, and I never disobeyed your command; yet you never gave me a kid that I might make merry with my friends. But when this son of yours came, who has devoured your living with harlots, you killed for him the fatted calf!' And he said to him, 'Son, you are always with me, and all that is mine is yours. It was fitting to make merry and be glad, for this your brother was dead, and is alive; he was lost, and is found.""

فَصْلٌ شَرِيفٌ مِنْ بِشَارةِ القِدِيسِ لوقا الإنْجيلِيِّ البَشيرِ، التِّلْميذِ الطَّاهر. قالَ الرَّبُ هَذا المَثَل: "إنْسانٌ كانَ لَهُ ابْنانِ، فَقالَ أَصْغَرُهُما لِأَبِيهِ: يا أبتِ، أَعْطِني النَّصيبَ الذي يَخُصُني من المالِ. فَقَسَمَ بَيْنَهُما مَعيشَتَهُ. وبَعْدَ أيامٍ عَيْرِ كَثيرَةٍ، جَمَعَ الابْنُ الأَصْغَرُ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ لَهُ، وسافَرَ إلى بَلَدٍ بَعِيدٍ، وبَذَّرَ مالَهُ هُناكَ عائِشاً في الخَلاعَةِ. فَلَمَّا أَنْفَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ لَهُ، حَدَثَتْ في ذَلِكَ البَلَدِ مَجاعَةٌ شَديدَةٌ، قَأَخَذَ في العَوَزِ. فَذَهَبَ وانْضَوى إلى واحِدٍ مِنْ أَهْلِ ذَلِكَ البَلَدِ، فَأَرْسَلَهُ إلى حُقولِهِ يَرْعى حَنازير. وكانَ يَشْتَهِي أَنْ يَمْلَأُ بَطْنَهُ مِن الخُرْنوبِ الذي كانتِ الخَنازيرُ تَأْكُلُهُ، فَلَمْ يُعْطِهِ أَحَدٌ. فَرَجِعَ إلى نَقْسَهِ وقالَ "كَمْ يَشْتَهِي أَنْ يَمْلَأُ بَطْنَهُ مِن الخُرْنوبِ الذي كانتِ الخَنازيرُ تَأْكُلُهُ، فَلَمْ يُعْطِهِ أَحَدٌ. فَرَجِعَ إلى نَقْسِهِ وقالَ "كَمْ إلى السَّماءِ وأَمَامَكَ، ولَسْتُ مُسْتَحِقًا بَعْدُ أَنْ أَدْعَى لَكَ ابْناً، فَاجْعَلْنِي كَأَحَدِ أُجَرائِكَ." فَقامَ وجاءَ إلى أبيهِ. وفيما هُوَ بَعْدُ غيرُ بَعيدٍ، رَآهُ أَبوهُ، فَتَحَنَّنَ عَلَيْهِ وأَسْرَعَ وأَلْقى بِنَفْسِهِ على عُنْقِهِ وقَبَلَّهُ. فَقالَ لَهُ الابْنُ: "يا أَبَتِ، قَدْ أَحْطَأْتُ إلى السَّماءِ وأَمامَكَ ولَسْتُ مُسْتَحِقًا بَعْدُ أَنْ أَدْعى لَكَ ابْنا." فَقالَ الأبُ لِعَبيدِهِ: "هاتوا الحُلَّة الأولى وأَلْسِسُوهُ، واجْعَلوا خاتماً في يَدِه، وحِذاءَ في رِجْلَيْهِ، وأتوا بالعِجْلِ المُسَمَّنِ واذْبَحوهُ، فَنَاكُلَ وفَقُرَحَ، لأَنَ ابْني هذا كانَ مَيِّتاً فَعاشَ، وكانَ صَالاً فَوُجِدَ. فَطَفِقوا يفرَحُونَ. وكانَ ابْنُهُ الأكبَرُ في الحَقْل فلَمَا أَتى وقَرُبَ مِنَ البَيْتِ، سَمِعَ أَصْواتَ الغِناءِ والرَقْصِ. فَدَعا أَحَدَ الغِلْمانِ وسَأَلَهُ ما هَذا. فقالَ لَهُ: "قَدْ فلَمَا أَتى وقُرُبَ مِنَ البَيْتِ، سَمِعَ أَصْواتَ الغِناءِ والرَقْصِ. فَدَعا أَحَدَ الغِلْمانِ وسَأَلَهُ ما هَذا. فقالَ لَهُ: "قَدْ قَدِمَ أَحَوكَ، فَذَبَحَ أَبوكَ العِجْلَ المُسَمَّنَ لأُنَّهُ لَقِيَهُ سالِماً." فَعَضِيبَ ولَمْ يُرِدُ أَنْ يَدْخُلَ. فَخَرَجَ أَبوهُ وطَفِق قَدِمَ أَحَوكَ، فَذَبَحَ أَبوكَ العِجْلَ المُسَمَّنَ لأُنَّهُ لَقِيتَهُ سالِماً." فَعَضِيبَ ولَمْ يُرِدُ أَنْ يَدْخُلَ. فَحَرَجَ أَبوهُ وطَفِق قَدِمَ أَحَوكَ، فَذَبَحَ أُبوكَ العِجْلَ المُسَمَّنَ لأُنَّهُ لَقِيتَهُ سالِماً." فَعَضِيبَ ولَمْ يُرِدُ أَنْ يَدْخُلَ. فَحَرَجَ أَبوهُ وطَفِق قَدَمَ أَتَعَدَّ للَاليهِ، فَأَجابَ وقالَ لأبيهِ: "كَمْ لي مِنَ السِنينَ أَخْدَمَكَ، ولَمْ أَتَعَدً لكَ وَصِيبَةً قَطُ، وأَنْتَ لَمْ تُعْطِني قَطُ يَتَوَسَلُ إليهِ، فَأَجابَ وقالَ لأبيهِ: "كَمْ لي مِن السِنينَ أَخْدَمُكَ، ولَمُ أَنْ فَوْجَوبُ فَعْفَقَ جَدِياً لِأَنْ وَلَنْهُ مَا لَدُهُ اللَهُ مَا هُوهُ والَنْ يَرْبُ فَنْ وَلَنْ مَا هُ اللهُ مَا قَائَ لَهُ اللَعُصُ فَتَحَانَ مَنْ اللهُ عَنْ مَا أَنْ عَنُو مُنْ قُلْ لَهُ عَوْدَ مَعَانَ لَهُ قَوْمَ فَنَ الْبُنْ إِنهُ فَقُونُ فَنْ لَعْنُ أَلْ فَقُولُ مَا هُ مَنْ واللَهُ مَا أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ عَلَى مَا أَنْ أَعْرَى فَكُنُ مُعَتَ مَا أَنْ إِنُنْ الْمُنَعُ فَلَهُ مُعَانَ مَا مُولَ فَا أَعْنَ مَنْ مَنْ مُنْ فَنْ أَعْنَ مُ

THE DOXASTICON FOR THE PRODIGAL SON IN TONE SIX Glory to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit.

O good Father, I have withdrawn from Thee. Do not forsake me or cast me from Thy kingdom. The most evil enemy hath stripped me naked and robbed me of my fortune; and I have wasted the gifts of the soul in riotous living. Wherefore, I will rise and return to Thee, crying: Make me as one of Thy hired servants, O Thou who for my sake did stretch Thy pure hands on the Cross to snatch me from the wicked beast and clothe me with the first robe, since Thou alone art most compassionate.

المَجُدُ للآبِ والابنِ والروحِ القدَسِ. أيُّها الآبُ الصَّالِحُ، لَقَدِ ابْتَعَدْتُ عَنْكَ، فَلا تُهْمِلْني، ولا تُظْهِرْني مَرْذولاً مِنْ مَلَكوتِكَ. لأنَّ العَدُوَّ الكُلِّيَ شَرُّهُ قَدْ عَرَّاني، وسَلَبَ تَرُوتي. وقَدْ بَذَرْتُ مَواهِبَ النَّفْسِ بالبَذْخ. فلأَنْهضَنَّ إذَنْ، ولأَعُدْ إليكَ هاتِفاً: إجْعَلْني كأحَدِ أُجَرائِكَ، يا مَنْ مِنْ أجْلي بَسَطَ يَدَيْهِ الطَّاهِرَتَيْنِ على الصَّليب، لِكَيْ يَخْتَطِفَني مِنَ الوَحْشِ الرَّدِيّ، ويُسَرِبِلَني الحُلَّةَ الأولى، أيُّها الجَزيلُ الرَّحْمَةِ وَحْدَك.

Both now and ever, and unto ages of ages. Amen.

Most blessed art thou, O Virgin Theotokos, for through Him that was incarnate of thee is Hades despoiled, Adam is recalled from the dead, the curse is made void, Eve is set free, death is slain, and we are endowed with life. Wherefore, in hymns of praise, we cry aloud: Blessed art Thou, O Christ our God, Who is thus well pleased, glory to Thee.

الآنَ وكلَّ أوانٍ وإلى دهرِ الداهرين. آمين. أَنتِ هِيَ الفائِقَةُ عَلى كُلِّ البَرَكاتِ، يا والِدَةَ الإلَّهِ العَذراء، لأَنَّ الجَحيمَ قَد سُبِيَت بِواسِطَةِ المُتَجَسِّدِ مِنكِ، وَآدَمَ دُعِيَ ثانِيَةً، واللَّعنَةَ بادَت، وَحَوّاءَ انعَتَقَت، والمَوتَ أُميتَ، وَنَحنُ قَد حَيينا. فَلِذَلِكَ نُسَبِّحُ هاتِفين: مُبارَكٌ أَنتَ أَيُّها المَسِيحُ إلَهُنا، يا مَن هَكَذا سُرَّ، المَجدُ لَك.