

أهلا بكم!

نرحب بجميع زوارنا الذين يصلون معنا اليوم ونحرص على مشاركتكم في كنوزنا الروحية، وندعوكم للانضمام إلينا لتناول القهوة معنا في قاعة الكنيسة بعد القداس الإلهي. إذا كانت هذه أول زيارة لكم، يرجىأخذ القليل من الوقت لتوقيع سجل الزوار واستكمال بطاقة معلومات الزوار البيضاء والتي توجد في صحن الكنيسة، وإعادتها إلى أحد مُرشدي الكنيسة. وكتنير ودي، يُسمح فقط للمسحيين الأرثوذكس الذين أعدوا أنفسهم بشكل صحيح من خلال الصوم والصلوة واعتراف من زمن قريب بالاقتراب من الكأس المقدسة لتناول القربان المقدس. ولكن يُسمح للجميع الاقتراب في نهاية القداس لاستلام الخبز المقدس المبارك. ونحن نتطلع للقائكم والترحيب بكم شخصياً في كنيسة مار الياس. يرجى توجيه الأسئلة إلى الأب مايكل مباشرةً.

PRAYER ON LEAVING THE CHURCH

Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to thy word: for mine eyes have seen thy salvation, which thou hast prepared before the face of all people: a light to lighten the Gentiles, and the glory of thy people Israel.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

- The Holy Bread of Oblations today is being offered by The Order of St. Ignatius.** Please pray for the spiritual and physical well-being of the members of The Order of St. Ignatius. **Also being offered in loving memory of** those departed members of The Order of St. Ignatius. **May their memory be eternal.**
- Please pray for all the sick** and suffering, hospitalized and shut-ins of our community, especially Gary (Chip) George, Janet Saba, Salwa Makhlof, Elias Shamieh, Nada and Rima Tadros, Evelyn Gabriel.
- Please pray for all those** who have suffered and lost loved ones in Palestine and the Middle East.

St. Elias Antiochian Orthodox Christian Church

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For Liturgy Names & Coffee Hour email the above

Saturday: Vespers at 5:00 PM followed by confession

Sunday: Orthros at 9:30 AM & Divine Liturgy at 10:30 AM

Check out our website @ www.sainteliasny.com



Welcome to St. Elias
Antiochian Orthodox Church

ST. ELIAS ANTIOCHIAN CHRISTIAN ORTHODOX CHURCH

FEBRUARY 15, 2026

His Eminence Metropolitan SABA, Archbishop of New York and
Metropolitan of All North America

His Grace Bishop ALEXANDER, Auxiliary Bishop of the Diocese of
OTTAWA, UPSTATE NEW YORK AND EASTERN CANADA

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'DISCIPLES FIRST CALLED THEMSELVES CHRISTIANS IN ANTIOCH.' ACTS 11:26

SUNDAY OF THE LAST JUDGMENT (MEAT FARE)

APOSTLE ONESIMOS OF THE SEVENTY; VENERABLE EUSEBIOS OF SYRIA; MARTYR MAJOR OF GAZA

TONE 3/ EOTHINON 3

PRAYER ON ENTERING THE CHURCH

I WILL COME INTO THY HOUSE IN THE MULTITUDE OF THY MERCY: AND IN THY FEAR I WILL WORSHIP TOWARD THY HOLY TEMPLE. Lead me, O Lord, in thy righteousness because of mine enemies; make thy way straight before me, that with a clear mind I may glorify thee forever, One Divine Power worshipped in three Persons: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Amen.

CHURCH ETIQUETTE

O Lord, sanctify those who love the beauty of your house.

When you enter the church, please remember that the church is a place of worship. Please do not disturb others as they worship God.

PLEASE TURN OFF ALL CELL PHONES.

TROPARION OF THE PATRON SAINT OF THE CHURCH TONE 4:

O Angelic of body the founder and corner stone of the prophets, the second forerunner of the advent of Christ, O Elias, venerable and glorious, thou didst send grace from heaven to thy disciple Elisha to dispel diseases and to purify lepers wherefore he abounds with healing to all those who honor him.

أيها الملك بالجسم قاعدة الأنبياء وركنهم، السابق الثاني لحضور المسيح، إلياس المجيد الموقر، لقد أرسلت النعمة من العلي لأليشع ليطرد الأسقام ويظهر البرص، لذلك يفيض الأشفية بمكرميه دائمًا

THE SYNAKARION (Plain Reading)

On February 15 in the Holy Orthodox Church, we commemorate the Apostle Onesimos of the Seventy; Venerable Eusebios of Syria; and Martyr Major of Gaza.

Today, we commemorate the Second and impartial Coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.

It is the Sunday of the Last Judgment—known also as Meat Fare Sunday—the lesson of which occurs in today's Holy Gospel. Jesus illustrates to us God's ineffable goodness and His great love for mankind. And so lest some who are lazy should loiter and spend the time appropriate to their salvation in the pursuit of sin, and be suddenly overtaken by death, the divine Fathers decree that on this day the remembrance of the Second Appearance of Christ may be celebrated. The intention is to remind them that, as God is good and loving to mankind, He is also a very righteous Judge Who recompenses each according to his deeds. Our Lord teaches us that when we minister to our brother or sister, we really minister to Him. This brings us righteousness and life eternal.

By Thine ineffable love for mankind, O Christ God, make us worthy of Thy devoted voice, number us among Thy righteous ones and have mercy on us. Amen.

(January 26). There she lived as a nun for twelve years in strict asceticism until her blessed repose. The woman's name was Zoe.

After his burns healed, Saint Martinian went to an uninhabited rocky island, and lived on it under the open sky for several years, nourished by the provisions brought by a certain sailor from time to time. In return the monk wove baskets for him.

One day a ship was wrecked by a powerful storm, and a woman named Photina floated to the island on pieces of the wreckage. Saint Martinian helped her to survive on the island. "Remain here," he told her, "for I am leaving you bread and water, and in two months a boat will come and return you to the mainland."

Saint Martinian refused to stay on the island with the woman, believing that it would be better to drown than to burn with lust. He jumped into the sea and swam away, and a pair of dolphins carried him to dry land. Thereafter, Saint Martinian led the life of a wanderer. Later, he came to Athens and fell ill. Sensing the approach of death, he went into a church and lay upon the floor. God revealed to the Bishop of Athens who Saint Martinian was, and the hierarch buried his body with honor. This occurred around the year 422.

As for Saint Photina, she did not board the ship when it came to the island, electing to stay there by herself. She asked the captain of the ship to have his wife bring her men's clothing and some wool, promising to make clothes for his family. She also asked the woman to bring her bread and water in addition to the other supplies.

Saint Photina lived on the island for six years, and then she went to the Lord. Two months after her repose, the captain and his wife found her incorrupt relics and brought them to Caesarea in Palestine. He had a vision which revealed many details of Saint Photina's life, which he shared with the bishop. Then they buried her with great honor and reverence.

Before the start of the Council, Saint Meletius raised his hand displaying three fingers, and then withdrawing two fingers and leaving one extended he blessed the people, proclaiming: "We understand three hypostases, and we speak about a single nature." With this declaration, a fire surrounded the saint like lightning. During the Council Saint Meletius fell asleep in the Lord. Saint Gregory of Nyssa honored the memory of the deceased with a eulogy.

Saint Meletius has left treatises on the consubstantiality of the Son of God with the Father, and a letter to the emperor Jovian concerning the Holy Trinity. The relics of Saint Meletius were transferred from Constantinople to Antioch.

WELCOME!

We welcome all of our visitors who are praying with us today. We are eager to share with you our spiritual treasures, and invite you to join us for coffee-hour in the Fellowship Hall following the Divine Liturgy. If you are a first-time visitor, please take a few minutes to sign our Guest Registry book and complete the white VISITORS INFORMATION CARD which may be found in the Narthex, and return it to an usher. As a friendly reminder, **only Orthodox Christians who have properly prepared themselves through fasting, prayer and recent Confession may approach the Holy Chalice to receive Holy Communion. However all may come forward at end of Liturgy and receive blessed Holy Bread.** We look forward to meeting you and welcoming you personally to St. Elias. If you have any questions, please see Fr. Michael.



ter, and immediately drowned. The saint, however, heeding the angel who had appeared to him, returned to shore.

Agilaus was in a rage over losing his finest servants, and he gave orders to behead Saint Blaise, and the two sons of the woman martyr entrusted to him. Before his death, the martyr prayed for the whole world, and especially for those honoring his memory. This occurred in about the year 316.

The relics of the Hieromartyr Blaise were brought to the West during the time of the Crusades, and portions of the relics are preserved in many of the lands of Europe [and his memory traditionally honored there on February 3].

We pray to Saint Blaise for the health of domestic animals, and for protection from wild beasts.

Saints Martinian, Zoe, and Photina of Caesarea in Palestine

Commemorated on February 13

Saint Martinian went to live in the wilderness at the age of eighteen, not far from the city of Caesarea in Palestine. For twenty-five years, he devoted himself to ascetic deeds and silence, and he was granted the gift of healing illnesses and casting out demons. However, the Enemy of the human race would not stop troubling the holy ascetic with various temptations.

One day a prostitute overheard some citizens of Caesarea speaking of Saint Martinian's virtuous life, so she asked them why they were amazed by it. She said that he went to live in the desert because he could not endure the temptations of the flesh in the city. Furthermore, she made a wager with them that she could topple this pillar of virtue with her beauty and seduce him.

She came to him one night, dressed in shabby clothes, pretending that she had lost her way in the storm, and asking for shelter. Reluctantly, the saint allowed her to enter his cell, because he did not wish to be the cause of her death. He went into the inner room of his cell, telling her she would have to leave in the morning. After chanting Psalms according to his Rule, he went to sleep on the floor, but he was disturbed by carnal thoughts. Meanwhile, the wicked guest opened the bag she had been carrying and changed into her beautiful clothes and adorned herself with jewels.

When morning came, Saint Martinian came out to send the woman away. Though he was tempted by the woman's beauty, he was determined not to fall into sin. Lighting a fire, he stepped into it, saying, "You want me to burn with temptation, but I will not give in to it. Instead, I choose to burn in this fire in order to preserve my purity and to escape the unquenchable fires of Hell."

The woman was astonished at the lengths Saint Martinian was willing to go, and she realized how evil she was. She repented and asked the saint to guide her onto the way of salvation. He told her to go to Bethlehem, and enter the convent founded by Saint Paula



THE EPISTLE

Priest: Let us attend.

Reader: Sing praises to our God, sing praises.
Clap your hands, all ye peoples.

Reader: The Reading from the First Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians. (8:8-9:2)

Brethren, food will not commend us to God. We are no worse off if we do not eat, and no better off if we do. Only take care, lest this liberty of yours somehow become a stumbling block to the weak. For if any one sees you—a man of knowledge—at table in an idol's temple, might he not be encouraged, if his conscience is weak, to eat food offered to idols? And so by your knowledge this weak man is destroyed, the brother for whom Christ died. Thus, sinning against your brethren and wounding their conscience when it is weak, you sin against Christ. Therefore, if food is a cause of my brother's falling, I will never eat meat, lest I cause my brother to fall. Am I not free? Am I not an apostle? Have I not seen Jesus our Lord? Are not you my workmanship in the Lord? If to others I am not an apostle, at least I am to you; for you are the seal of my apostleship in the Lord.

رَتَّلُوا لِلَّهِ رَتَّلُوا. يَا جَمِيعَ الْأَمَمِ صَفَّقُوا بِالْأَيْدِي.

فَصَلِّ مِنْ رِسَالَةِ الْقَدِيسِ بُولُسَ الرَّسُولِ الْأُولَى إِلَى أَهْلِ كُورِنْثُوسَ. (8:8-9:2)
يَا إِخْوَةً، إِنَّ الطَّعَامَ لَا يُقْرِبُنَا إِلَى اللَّهِ، لَأَنَّا إِنْ أَكَلْنَا لَا تَرِيدُ وَإِنْ لَمْ تَأْكُلْ لَا تَنْفَعُنَا. وَلَكُنْ انْظَرُوا أَنْ لَا يَكُونَ سُلْطَانُكُمْ هَذَا مَعْتَرَّةً لِلصُّعْفَاءِ. لَأَنَّهُ إِنْ رَأَكَ أَحَدٌ يَا مَنْ لَهُ الْعِلْمُ مُتَكَبِّرًا فِي بَيْتِ الْأَوْثَانِ، أَفَلَا يَتَعَوَّى صَمِيرَةً، وَهُوَ ضَعِيفٌ، عَلَى أَكْلِ ذَبَابَ الْأَوْثَانِ، فَيَهْلِكُ بِسَبَبِ عِلْمِ الْأَخْ ضَعِيفِ الْذِي مَاتَ الْمَسِيحُ لِأَجْلِهِ؟ وَهَذَا إِذْ تُخْطِنُونَ إِلَى الإِخْوَةِ وَتَجْرِحُونَ ضَمَائِرَهُمْ، وَهِيَ ضَعِيفَةٌ، إِنَّمَا تُخْطِنُونَ إِلَى الْمَسِيحِ. فَلِذَلِكِ إِنْ كَانَ الطَّعَامُ يُشَكِّرُ أَخِي، فَلَا أَكُلُ لَحْمًا إِلَى الأَبْدِ لَنَلَّا أُشَكِّرُ أَخِي. أَلَسْتُ أَنَا حُرًّا؟ أَمَا رَأَيْتُ يَسُوعَ الْمَسِيحَ رَبِّنَا؟ أَلَسْتُ أَنْتُمْ عَمَلِي فِي الرَّبِّ؟ وَإِنْ لَمْ أَكُنْ رَسُولًا إِلَى آخَرِينَ، فَإِنَّي رَسُولٌ إِلَيْكُمْ. لَأَنَّ خَاتَمَ رِسَالَتِي هُوَ أَنْتُمْ فِي الرَّبِّ.

GOSPEL

Priest: The Reading from the Holy Gospel according to St. Matthew. (25:31-46)

The Lord said, "When the Son of man comes in His glory, and all the angels with Him, then He will sit on His glorious throne. Before Him will be gathered all the nations, and He will separate them one from another as a shepherd separates the sheep from the goats, and He will place the sheep at His right hand, but the goats at the left. Then the King will say to those at His right hand, 'Come, O blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world; for I was hungry and you gave Me food, I was thirsty and you gave Me drink, I was a stranger and you welcomed Me, I was naked and you clothed Me, I was sick and you visited Me, I was in prison and you came to Me.' Then the righteous will answer Him, 'Lord, when did we see Thee hungry and feed Thee, or thirsty and give Thee drink? And when did we see Thee a stranger and welcome Thee, or naked and clothe Thee? And when did we see Thee sick or in prison and visit Thee?' And the King will answer them, 'Truly, I say to you, as you did it to one

of the least of these My brethren, you did it to Me.' Then He will say to those at his left hand, 'Depart from Me, you cursed, into the eternal fire prepared for the devil and his angels; for I was hungry and you gave Me no food, I was thirsty and you gave Me no drink, I was a stranger and you did not welcome Me, naked and you did not clothe Me, sick and in prison and you did not visit Me.' Then they also will answer, 'Lord, when did we see Thee hungry or thirsty or a stranger or naked or sick or in prison, and did not minister to Thee?' Then He will answer them, 'Truly, I say to you, as you did it not to one of the least of these, you did it not to Me.' And they will go away into eternal punishment, but the righteous into eternal life."

فَضْلٌ شَرِيفٌ مِنْ بِشَارَةِ الْمَيِّسِ مَتَى الْأَنْجِيلِيِّ الْبَشِيرِ وَالْتَّلْمِيْدِ الطَّاهِرِ . (46-31:25)

قَالَ الرَّبُّ: مَتَى جَاءَ ابْنُ الْبَشَرِ فِي مَجْدِهِ وَجَمِيعِ الْمَلَائِكَةِ الْقَدِيسِيْنَ مَعَهُ، فَهِنَّئِنَّ يَجِلُّ عَلَى عَرْشٍ مَجْدِهِ. وَتَجْمَعُ إِلَيْهِ كُلُّ الْأَمَمِ، فَيُمَيِّرُ بَعْضَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ، كَمَا يُمَيِّرُ الرَّاعِي الْخَرَافَ مِنَ الْجَدَاءِ. وَيُقِيمُ الْخَرَافَ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ وَالْجَدَاءَ عَنْ يَسَارِهِ. حِينَئِنَّ يَقُولُ الْمَلَكُ لِلَّذِينَ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ: تَعَالَوْا يَا مُبَارَكِي أَبِي رِثَا الْمَلَكِ الْمُعَدَّ لَكُمْ مُنْذُ إِنشَاءِ الْعَالَمِ، لَأَنِّي جُعْتُ فَأَطْعَمْتُمُونِي، وَعَطَيْتُمُونِي فَسَقِيَّمُونِي، وَكُنْتُ غَرِيبًا فَأَوْتَيْمُونِي، وَعُرِيَانًا فَكَسُونَمُونِي، وَمَرِيضاً فَعُدْتُمُونِي، وَمَحْبُوسًا فَأَتَيْتُمُ إِلَيَّ. حِينَئِنَّ يُجِيبُهُ الصَّدِيقُونَ قَائِلِينَ: يَا رَبُّ مَتَى رَأَيْنَاكَ جَائِعًا فَأَطْعَمْنَاكَ، أَوْ عَطَشَانَ فَسَقَيْنَاكَ؟ وَمَتَى رَأَيْنَاكَ غَرِيبًا فَأَوْتَيْنَاكَ، أَوْ عُرِيَانًا فَكَسَوْنَاكَ؟ وَمَتَى رَأَيْنَاكَ مَرِيضاً أَوْ مَحْبُوسًا فَأَتَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ؟ فَيُجِيبُ الْمَلَكُ وَيَقُولُ لَهُمْ: الْحَقُّ أَقُولُ لَكُمْ، بِمَا أَنْكُمْ فَعَلْتُمْ ذَلِكَ بِأَحَدٍ إِحْوَتِي هُؤُلَاءِ الصِّغَارِ فَبِي فَعَلْتُمُوهُ. حِينَئِنَّ يَقُولُ أَيْضًا لِلَّذِينَ عَنْ يَسَارِهِ: إِذْهَبُوا عَنِّي يَا مَلَائِكَةِ النَّارِ الْأَبَدِيَّةِ الْمُعَدَّةِ لِإِبْلِيسِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ . لَأَنِّي جُعْتُ فَلَمْ تُطْعَمْنِي، وَعَطَيْتُمُونِي فَلَمْ تُشْعُونِي، وَكُنْتُ غَرِيبًا فَلَمْ تُؤْوِنِي، وَعُرِيَانًا فَلَمْ تَكُسُونِي، وَمَرِيضاً وَمَحْبُوسًا فَلَمْ تَزُرُونِي. حِينَئِنَّ يُجِيبُونَهُ هُمْ أَيْضًا قَائِلِينَ: يَا رَبُّ، مَتَى رَأَيْنَاكَ جَائِعًا أَوْ عَطَشَانًا أَوْ غَرِيبًا أَوْ عُرِيَانًا أَوْ مَرِيضاً أَوْ مَحْبُوسًا وَلَمْ تَخْدِمْكَ؟ حِينَئِنَّ يُجِيبُهُمْ قَائِلًا: الْحَقُّ أَقُولُ لَكُمْ، بِمَا أَنْكُمْ لَمْ تَقْعُلُوا ذَلِكَ بِأَحَدٍ هُؤُلَاءِ الصِّغَارِ، فَبِي لَمْ تَقْعُلُوهُ. فَيَدْهَبُ هُؤُلَاءِ إِلَى الْعَذَابِ الْأَبَدِيِّ، وَالصَّدِيقُونَ إِلَى الْحَيَاةِ الْأَبَدِيَّةِ.

KONTAKION FOR SUNDAY OF LAST JUDGMENT IN TONE ONE

When Thou comest, O God, to earth with glory, and all creatures tremble before Thee, and the river of fire floweth before the Altar, and the books are opened and sins revealed, deliver me then from that unquenchable fire, and make me worthy to stand at Thy right hand, O righteous Judge.

إِذَا أَنْتَ يَا اللَّهُ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ بِمَجْدِهِ، تَرْتَعِدُ مِنْكَ الْبَرَابِرَا بِأَسْرِهَا، وَنَهْرُ النَّارِ يَجْرِي أَمَامَ عَرْشِكَ، وَالصُّحْفُ تُقْتَحُ، وَالْخَفَافِيَا شَهَرٌ، فَتَجْنِي حِينَئِنَّ مِنَ النَّارِ الَّتِي لَا تُطْفَأُ، وَأَهْلِنِي لِلْوَقْفِ عَنْ يَمِينِكَ، أَيُّهَا الدِّيَانُ الْعَادِلُ.

Hieromartyr Blaise, Bishop of Sebaste

Commemorated on February 11

The Hieromartyr Blaise (Blasius), Bishop of Sebaste, was known for his righteous and devout life. Unanimously chosen by the people, he was consecrated Bishop of Sebaste. This occurred during the reign of the Roman emperors Diocletian (284-305) and Licinius (307-324), fierce persecutors of Christians. Saint Blaise encouraged his flock, visited the imprisoned, and gave support to the martyrs.

Many hid themselves from the persecutors by going off to desolate and solitary places. Saint Blaise also hid himself away on Mount Argeos, where he lived in a cave. Wild beasts came up to him and meekly waited until the saint finished his prayer and blessed them. The saint also healed sick animals by laying his hands upon them.

The refuge of the saint was discovered by servants of the governor Agrilaus, who had come to capture wild beasts to loose on the Christian martyrs. The servants reported to their master that Christians were hiding on the mountain, and he gave orders to arrest them. But those sent out found there only the Bishop of Sebaste. Glorifying God Who had summoned him to this exploit, Saint Blaise followed the soldiers.

Along the way the saint healed the sick and worked other miracles. Thus, a destitute widow complained to him of her misfortune. A wolf had carried off a small pig, her only possession. The bishop smiled and said to her, "Do not weep, your pig will be returned to you..." To the astonishment of everyone, the wolf came running back and returned his prey unharmed.

Agrilaus, greeting the bishop with words of deceit, called him a companion of the gods. The saint answered the greeting, but he called the gods devils. Then they beat him and led him off to prison.

On the next day, they subjected the saint to tortures again. When they led him back to the prison, seven women followed behind and gathered up the drops of blood. They arrested them and tried to compel them to worship the idols. The women pretended to consent to this and said that first they needed to wash the idols in the waters of a lake. They took the idols and threw them in a very deep part of the lake, and after this the Christians were fiercely tortured. The saints stoically endured the torments, strengthened by the grace of God, their bodies were transformed and became white as snow. One of the women had two young sons, who implored their mother to help them attain the Kingdom of Heaven, and she entrusted them to the care of Saint Blaise. The seven holy women were beheaded.

Saint Blaise was again brought before Agrilaus, and again he unflinchingly confessed his faith in Christ. The governor ordered that the martyr be thrown into a lake. The saint, going down to the water, signed himself with the Sign of the Cross, and he walked on it as though on dry land.

Addressing the pagans standing about on shore, he challenged them to come to him while calling on the help of their gods. Sixty-eight men of the governor's retinue entered the wa-

